Adur District Council

Planning, Regeneration and Wellbeing

Mr Julian Adams
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East Sussex
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PLANNING REFUSAL

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT) (AMENDMENT) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015

APPLICATION NUMBER: AWDM/0116/17

Details of Development
LOFT EXTENSION WITH RAISED ROOF BY 1.6MS WITH DORMERS TO SOUTH AND NORTH ELEVATIONS.

Location of Development
CRENDON HILLRISE AVENUE SOMPTING LANCING WEST SUSSEX

In pursuance of their powers under the above-mentioned Act and Order the Council hereby notify you that they REFUSE to permit the above development, in accordance with the application and relevant correspondence registered on 3rd February 2017.

The reasons for the Council's decision to refuse to permit the development are stated on the schedule overleaf.

G Peck

Gary Peck
Planning Services Manager
21/03/2017

ADUR DISTRICT COUNCIL
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SCHEDULE

Reasons for Refusal

01. The proposed roof extensions by virtue of their design, size and position would result in an unneighbourly development which would be harmful to neighbour's living conditions due to loss of outlook, light, overbearing impact and overlooking . Their scale and design would also be out of character with the area giving an incongruous, unsightly and 'top heavy' appearance and consequently would be harmful to the appearance of the bungalow and the wider streetscene The proposal is therefore contrary to saved Adur local plan policies AG1, AH2, and AH7 and Appendix 11 including Supplementary Planning Guidance comprising 'Development Control Standard No. 3 - Extensions and Alterations to Dwellings', emerging Adur local plan Policy 15 and The National Planning Policy Framework 2012.

Informatives / Notes to Applicant

01. For the avoidance of doubt this refusal relates to the following drawings/plans:-

Reference/Drawing Number	Version	Date Rec
EXISTING & PROPOSED PLANS	Drg No. BE/01	03.02.2017
GROUND FLOOR PLAN		03.02.2017

02. The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by identifying matters of concern with the proposal and determining the application within a timely manner, clearly setting out the reason(s) for refusal, allowing the Applicant the opportunity to consider the harm caused and whether or not it can be remedied by a revision to the proposal. The Local Planning Authority is willing to meet with the Applicant to discuss the best course of action and is also willing to provide pre-application advice in respect of any future application for a revised development.

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YOUR ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE FOLLOWING NOTES FROM THE ABOVE ORDER. THEY ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND DO NOT PRETEND TO SET OUT THE WHOLE OF THE LAW ON THE SUBJECT. IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO CONSULT YOUR SOLICITOR IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT

Appeals to the Secretary of State

1. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

2. If the decision relates to a householder application, and you want to appeal, then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice. If the decision relates to a non-householder application, an appeal must be lodged within 6 months of the date of the decision notice. Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State online at https://acp.planninginspectorate.gov.uk or at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000)..

3. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

4. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

5. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the local planning authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

Purchase Notices

6. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the District Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Planning Act 1990.

7. Where this notice conveys approval or permission, conditional or unconditional, please note that the decision given does not purport to convey any consent or approval which may be required under the Building Act and Building Regulations, or any other legislation.

Reduced time for making a planning appeal where enforcement action is being taken

Where an enforcement notice has been served on the same, or substantially the same, development as in the householder application within 2 years of the date the application was made, the period for receiving an appeal is within 28 days of the date on the decision notice or of the date by which the LPA should have decided the application. Where an enforcement notice was served after the decision notice was issued or after the end of the period the LPA had to determine the application, the period for receiving an appeal is within 28 days of the date the enforcement notice was served (unless this extends the normal 12 weeks deadline).