WORTHING BOROUGH COUNCIL

Oonagh Kerrigan
DHA Planning
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Maidstone
ME14 3EN

PLANNING PERMISSION

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT) (AMENDMENT) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015

APPLICATION NUMBER: AWDM/0433/25

Details of Development
CONSTRUCTION AN ELECTRICTIY SUBSTATION WITH ASSOCIATED ACCESS ROAD, INFRASTRUCTURE AND WORKS (WEST OF PLOT 63)

Location of Development
SITE OF HM REVENUES AND CUSTOMS AND LAND WEST OF HM REVENUES AND CUSTOMS BARRINGTON ROAD WORTHING WEST SUSSEX

In pursuance of their powers under the above-mentioned Act and Order the Council hereby notify you that they PERMIT the above development, in accordance with the application and relevant correspondence registered on 9th April 2025.

This is for reasons stated on the schedule overleaf and subject to compliance with the conditions specified thereon.

G Peck

Gary Peck
Head of Planning & Development
25/07/2025

Adur & Worthing Councils, Development Management, Place Directorate,
Worthing Town Hall, Chapel Road, Worthing, West Sussex, BN11 1HA
Tel: 01903 221065 Email: planning@adur-worthing.gov.uk
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SCHEDULE

Conditions

01. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans unless specified otherwise in a subsequent condition imposed on this decision notice.

Reference/Drawing Number	Version	Date Rec
BIODIVERSITY IMPACT CALCULATION 30.10.23	P1585 Issue 2.0	09.04.2025
BIODIVERSITY IMPACT CALCULATION 06.03.25	P10141 Rev 1	09.04.2025
STATUTORY BIODIVERSITY METRIC	06 March 2025	09.04.2025
SUB STATION LOCATION PLAN	SSLP-01 A	09.04.2025
TUV SUB STATION	22-1065-042	09.04.2025

Reason: *For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.*

02. The external materials and finishes of the development hereby permitted shall be as stated in the application hereby approved unless otherwise approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: *In the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DM5 of the Worthing Local Plan.*

03. Prior to commencement of the development hereby approved (or such other date or stage in development as may be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority), the following components of a scheme to deal with the risks associated with contamination of the site shall each be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority:

(1) A preliminary risk assessment which has identified: all previous uses; potential contaminants associated with those uses; a conceptual model of the site indicating sources, pathways and receptors; and potentially unacceptable risks arising from contamination at the site.

(2) A site investigation scheme, based on (1) above to provide information for a detailed assessment of the risk to all receptors that may be affected, including those off site.

(3) The site investigation results and the detailed risk assessment (2) and, based on these, an options appraisal and remediation strategy giving full details of the remediation measures required and how they are to be undertaken.

(4) A verification plan providing details of the data that will be collected in order to demonstrate that the works set out in (3) are complete and identifying any requirements for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance and

arrangements for contingency action. Any changes to these components require the express consent of the Local Planning Authority.

The scheme shall be implemented as approved above and, prior to commencement of any construction work (or such other date or stage in development as may be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority), a Verification Report demonstrating completion of the works set out in the approved remediation strategy and the effectiveness of the remediation shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The report shall include results of sampling and monitoring carried out in accordance with the approved verification plan to demonstrate that the site remediation criteria have been met. It shall also include any plan (a 'long-term monitoring and maintenance plan') for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance and arrangements for contingency action, as identified in the verification plan, and for the reporting of this to the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: *In the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DM 22 of the Worthing Local Plan.*

04. Prior to the commencement of development hereby approved a detailed Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) and Habitat Management and Monitoring Plan (HMMP) shall be submitted, approved and implemented, to demonstrate appropriate Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) and shall include binding verification and monitoring arrangements for a period of not less than 30 years from the implementation of the BGP and HMMP. The BGP and HMMP, once approved, shall be fully implemented and adhered to.

Reason: *To comply with the statutory requirements relating to Biodiversity Net Gain.*

05. Prior to the commencement of development details of any means of enclosure around the approved sub-station shall be submitted to and approved in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: *In the interests of visual amenity and to comply with policy DM5 of the Worthing Local Plan.*

Informatives / Notes to Applicant

01. The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against all material considerations, including planning policies and any representations that may have been received and subsequently determining to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development, as set out within the National Planning Policy Framework.

02. Biodiversity Net Gain

The applicant is reminded of the effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, which is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition "(the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:

(a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and
(b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The Planning Authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan if one is required in respect of this permission would be Worthing Borough Council. The Authority will require binding legal provisions to ensure the delivery and monitoring of appropriate biodiversity net gain.

Ref: AWDM/0433/25

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (GENERAL PERMITTED DEVELOPMENT) (AMENDMENT) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015

YOUR ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE FOLLOWING NOTES FROM THE ABOVE ORDER. THEY ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND DO NOT PRETEND TO SET OUT THE WHOLE OF THE LAW ON THE SUBJECT. IT WOULD BE WELL FOR YOU TO CONSULT YOUR SOLICITOR IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT

Appeals to the Secretary of State

1. If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

2. If the decision relates to a householder application or minor commercial application, and you want to appeal, then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice. If the decision relates to express consent for the display of an advertisement, then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of this notice. If the decision relates to a non-householder application, an appeal must be lodged within 6 months of the date of the decision notice. Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN (Tel: 0303 444 5000) or online at https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision.

3. The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances, which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

4. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

5. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the local planning authority based their decision on a direction given by him.

Purchase Notices

6. If either the local planning authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the District Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Planning Act 1990..

7. Where this notice conveys approval or permission, conditional or unconditional, please note that the decision given does not purport to convey any consent or approval which may be required under the Building Act and Building Regulations, or any other legislation.

Reduced time for making a planning appeal where enforcement action is being taken

Where an enforcement notice has been served in relation to the same, or substantially the same, development as in the planning application no earlier than 2 years before the date the application was made, the period for receiving a planning appeal is within 28 days of the date on the planning application decision notice or of the date by which the LPA should have decided the application.

However, the LPA may formally decline to determine a retrospective planning application for permission for any development contained within a pre-existing enforcement notice served on or after 6 April 2012, where that notice was issued before the application was received by the LPA (see above). There is no right to make a planning appeal in such circumstances.

Where an enforcement notice was served in relation to the same, or substantially the same, development after the decision notice on the application was issued or after the end of the period the LPA had to determine the application, the period for receiving a planning appeal is within 28 days of the date the enforcement notice was served (unless this would extend the period beyond the normal 12 weeks or 6 months deadline).