

Development Management – Delegated Officer Report

Application Number: AWDM/0906/26

Recommendation – APPROVE

Site: 74 Tower Road, Lancing

Proposal: Application for Certificate of Lawfulness for proposed single-storey flat-roofed rear extension with roof lights.

Site visit: N

Proposal, Site and Surroundings

The application relates to an end of terrace house. It is not a Listed Building or located in a Conservation Area. A single storey extension is proposed across the rear measuring 4m in depth.

This follows a recent approval for a householder application for permitted development for prior approval for a single storey extension to the rear of the property measuring 4m from the rear wall of the original dwelling, maximum height 3.4m and height of eaves of the extension 3m (AWDM/0797/26).

Planning Assessment

Principle

The proposal will be viewed against the criteria of permitted development, as laid out within The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015

Consideration

Schedule 2, Part 1, Development within the curtilage of a dwellinghouse
Permitted Development

Class A – Enlargement, improvement or other alteration of a dwellinghouse

A.1 Development is not permitted by Class A if-

a) permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has been granted only by virtue of Class M, N, P, PA or Q of Part 3 of the Schedule (changes of use);

Analysis: The dwellinghouse has not been created through change of use by virtue of Part 3.

b) as a result of the works, the total area of ground covered by buildings within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse (other than the original dwellinghouse) would exceed

50% of the total area of the curtilage (excluding the ground area of the original dwellinghouse);

Analysis: The ground cover by extension(s) will not exceed 50% of the total area of curtilage.

c) the height of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered would exceed the height of the highest part of the roof of the existing dwellinghouse;

Analysis: The height of the enlargement would not exceed the height of the highest part of the roof of the existing dwellinghouse.

d) the height of the eaves of the part of the dwellinghouse enlarged, improved or altered would exceed the height of the eaves of the existing dwellinghouse;

Analysis: The height of the eaves of the enlargement would not exceed the height of the eaves of the existing dwellinghouse.

e) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would extend beyond a wall which:
i) forms the principal elevation of the original dwellinghouse; or
ii) fronts a highway and forms a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse;

Analysis: The enlargement would not extend beyond a wall which forms the side elevation of the original dwellinghouse by fronting a highway or forms the principal elevation of the original dwellinghouse.

f) subject to paragraph g) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have a single storey and-
i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 4m in the case of a detached dwellinghouse, or 3m in the case of any other dwellinghouse, or
ii) exceed 4m in height;

Analysis: Paragraph g) applies.

g) for a dwellinghouse not on article 2(3) land nor on a site of special scientific interest, the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have a single storey and-
i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 8 m in the case of a detached dwellinghouse, or 6m in the case of any other dwellinghouse, or
ii) exceed 4m in height;

Analysis: The dwellinghouse is not on article 2(3) land, the enlargement is single storey and would not extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by 6m or exceed 4m in height.

ah) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have more than a single storey and-
i) extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse by more than 3m, or
ii) be within 7 m of any boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse being enlarged which is opposite the rear wall of that dwellinghouse;

Analysis: The proposed extension will not be more than a single storey, therefore i) and ii) do not need to be considered.

i) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would be within 2m of the boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse, and the height of the eaves of the enlarged part would exceed 3m;

Analysis: Although the enlargement would be within 2m of the boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse, the height of the eaves of the enlarged part would not exceed 3m.

j) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse, and would-

i) exceed 4m in height;

ii) have more than a single storey; or

iii) have a width greater than half the width of the original dwellinghouse; or

(ja) any total enlargement (being the enlarged part together with any existing enlargement of the original dwellinghouse to which it will be joined) exceeds or would exceed the limits set out in sub-paragraphs (e) to (j).

Analysis: The enlargement would not extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse. It is to the rear of the building.

k) it would consist of or include-

i) the construction or provision of a verandah, balcony or raised platform,

ii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a microwave antenna,

iii) the installation, alteration or replacement of a chimney, flue or soil and vent pipe, or

iv) an alteration to any part of the roof of the dwellinghouse.

Analysis: None of the above apply.

(l) the dwellinghouse is built under Part 20 of this Schedule (construction of new dwellinghouses).

Analysis: The dwellinghouse has not been created by virtue of Part 20.

A.2 In the case of a dwellinghouse on article 2(3) land:-

a) it would consist of cladding of any part of the exterior of the dwelling house with stone, artificial stone, pebble dash, render, plastic or tiles.

b) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would extend beyond a wall forming a side elevation of the original dwellinghouse;

c) the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse would have more than a single storey and extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwelling house.

d) any total enlargement (being the enlarged part together with any existing enlargement of the original dwellinghouse to which it will be joined) exceeds or would exceed the limits set out in sub-paragraphs (b) and (c).

Analysis: The dwelling is not on article 2(3) land.

A.3 Development is permitted subject to:-

- a) materials must be of a similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing dwelling;
- b) any upper-floor windows located in a wall or roof slope forming a side elevation must be:-
 - i) obscured-glazed, and
 - ii) non-opening unless the parts of the window which can be opened are more than 1.7m above the floor of the room in which the window is installed.
- c) Where the enlarged part of the dwelling house has more than one storey or forms an upper storey on an existing enlargement of the original dwelling house the roof pitch of the enlarged part must so far as practicable be the same as the roof pitch of the original dwellinghouse.

Analysis: It is stated on the application forms that materials will match existing and the extension is single-storey, which means b) and c) do not need to be considered.

A.4 (1) The following conditions apply to development permitted by Class A which exceeds the limits in paragraph A.1(f) but is allowed by paragraph A.1(g).

(2) Before beginning the development the developer must provide the following information to the local planning authority—

- (a) a written description of the proposed development including—
 - (i) how far the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse extends beyond the rear wall of the original dwellinghouse;
 - (ii) the maximum height of the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse; and
 - (iii) the height of the eaves of the enlarged part of the dwellinghouse;
- (iv) where the enlarged part will be joined to an existing enlargement of the dwellinghouse, the information in sub-paragraphs (i) to (iii) must be provided in respect of the total enlargement (being the enlarged part together with the existing enlargement to which it will be joined).

Analysis: This information was provided under application AWDM/0797/26. No objections were received and the prior approval of the LPA was therefore not required. The development could therefore be carried out.

Consequently, while the extension exceeds the depth permitted under Class A 1(f) it is permitted by Class A (g) and Condition A.4.

Recommendation

Issue a Certificate of Lawfulness for Proposed Development, the submission of a planning application for the works is not required.

Reasons for Recommendation

The proposal constitutes 'development' as defined by Section 55 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, and is permitted by Class A (g) and Condition A4 of Part 1 Schedule 2 of Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development)

(England) Order 2015, it having previously been determined under application reference AWDM/0797/26 that Prior Approval is not required.

Case Officer: Peter Barnett Date: 27 August 2026

Authorised by: Jo Morin Date: 27.08.2026